# **Plants of South Eastern New South Wales**



Rowering stem Photographer Don Wood, Bomaderry Creek Regional Park near Now ra



Pods and leaves. Australian Rant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra



Tree. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT

## Common name

Fern-leaved wattle

## Family

Fabaceae

## Where found

Dry **forest**, **woodland**, and **shrubland**. Often in moist gullies, and near streams. Coast and ranges north of Tomakin. Tablelands north from west of Kanangra-Boyd National Park. **Naturalised** in Aranda Bushland, ACT.

### Notes

Shrub or tree to 14 m tall. Fleshy seed stalks/arils. Bark smooth, later deeply fissured near the base. Branchlets angled to more or less cylindrical amd ridged, often glaucous, hairy, becoming hairless. Leaves alternating up the stems, compound, rachis 1.5-12 cm long, hairy or becoming hairless, 1–5 prominent glands present on the leaf stalks; jugary glands often irregularly present, 2–5 interjugary glands between successive pairs of pinnae. 6-28 pinnae each 3-8 cm long and with 46-186 leaflets each usually 0.3-1.2 cm long, less than 1 mm wide, hairy with fine more or less appressed white hairs (often only on the margins) or hairless, tips blunt to broadly rounded. Flower heads yellow, globular, 15-35 flowered (easiest seen in late buds), 3-6 mm in diameter, in branched clusters. Flowers Winter to Spring.

Family was Mimosaceae.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Acacia~filicifolia (accessed 27 April 2021)

World Wide Wattle line drawings, photos, and description: http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php? p=0&l=f&id=23648&o=1

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6 ۲ This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



Android edition



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