Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering stems. Australian Rant Image Index, photographer Denise Grieg, Sandy Hollow, NSW

Common name

Narrow-leaved wattle

Family

Fabaceae

Where found

Dry forest and woodland, often on exposed rocky areas. Coast, and ranges north of Mittagong. Western Slopes.

Notes

Shrub or tree to about 10 m tall. Fleshy seed stalks/arils. Bark smooth, often corrugated or fissured towards the base. Branchlets more or less cylindrical, angled at the tips, hairless, sometimes scurfy. Compound leaves sometimes present on mature plants. 'Leaves' alternating up the stems, 6-14 cm long, 1-5 mm wide, more or less straight to slightly curved, surfaces hairless, midvein prominent, tips pointed with a mucro. 1 or occasionally 2 marginal glands, small, prominent, the lower gland 10–60 mm above the base. Flower heads yellow, globular, 4-7 mm in diameter, usually 20-30 flowered (easiest seen in late buds), in elongated clusters of 5-20 flower heads. Flowering: August–October.

Family was Mimosaceae.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Acacia~linearifolia (accessed 27 April 2021)

World Wide Wattle line drawings, photos, and description: http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php? p=0&l=1&id=20536&o=1



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Tree. Photographer Jackie Mles, Sandy Hollow, west of Muswellbrook