

Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



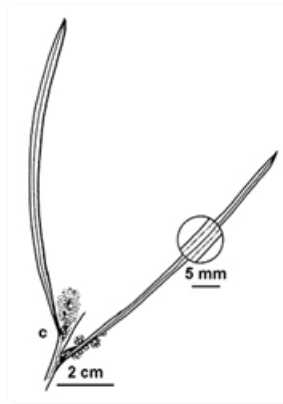
Flowering stem. Photographer Don Wood, Nadgee State Forest south of Eden



Pods. Photographer Bill Strong, Anglesea Heath, Vic



Shrubs. Photographer James Booth, Whittlesea, Vic



Line drawings. c. flowering branch with 'leaf' detail. MMBir, M., National Herbarium of Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Narrow-leaf wattle, Variable sallow wattle, Variable sally

Family

Fabaceae

Where found

Forest and **woodland**, often on granite outcrops or sandstone. Coastal south of Bega. Ranges south from Wadbilliga National Park. Tablelands south of Bombala.

Notes

Shrub or tree to 15 m tall. Fleshy seed stalks/**arils**. Bark smooth or finely fissured. Branchlets angled or flattened towards the tips, hairy with fine hairs. 'Leaves' **alternating** up the stems, 1.5-22 cm long, 0.5-12 mm wide, straight or slightly curved, surfaces green or somewhat **glaucous**, often sparsely **appressed**-hairy, 1-3 longitudinal **veins** more or less prominent, tips pointed with a **mucro**. 1 **marginal gland** 3-25 mm above the base. Flower **heads** yellow to creamy white, cylindrical, 10-60 mm long, paired. Flowers Winter to Summer.

Family was Mimosaceae.

Possible hybrids between *Acacia mucronata* subsp. *longifolia* and *Acacia oxycedrus* have been reported.

PlantNET description: <http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswf&lvl=in&name=Acacia~mucronata> (accessed 27 April 2021)

World Wide Wattle photos and line drawings: <http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php?p=0&l=m&id=23748&o=1>

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