Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering stems and leaves. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra



Pods and leaves. Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Mt Annan Botanic Gardens, Campbelltown



Pods and leaves. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Denise Grieg, unknown place



Shrub. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer A McWhirter, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra

Common name

Mudgee wattle, Pilliga wattle, Glory wattle

Family

Fabaceae

Where found

Dry forest, woodland, and heath. Western Slopes north from the Wagga Wagga district. Naturalised Sydney area to Richmond.

Notes

Shrub or tree to 6 m tall. Fleshy seed stalks/arils. Bark smooth. Branchlets more or less cylindrical, with obscure ridges, hairy or hairless, often glaucous. Leaves alternating up the stems, compound, stalks hairless or hairy, usually 1 inconspicuous gland at or near the base of the lowest pair of pinnae. Rachis 1-8.5 cm long, hairless or hairy, jugary and interjugary glands absent or rarely one gland at the top of the rachis. 4-14 pinnae 0.5–3.5 cm long, each with 4-16 leaflets each 0.5-1.6 cm long, 2.5-7 mm wide, surfaces hairless. Flower heads golden, globular, 6-10 mm in diameter, 12-35 flowered (easiest seen in late buds), in elongated clusters of 7-45 flower heads. Flowering: chiefly July–November.

Family was Mimosaceae.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Acacia~spectabilis (accessed 28 April 2021)

World Wide Wattle line drawings, photos, and description: http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php?
p=0&l=s&id=23832&o=1

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