# **Plants of South Eastern New South Wales**



and 'leaves'. Photographer Don Wood, Yambulla State Forest, south-east of Bombala



Shrub. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Avoca to Ararat, Vic

## Common name

Varnish wattle, Seymour cinnamon wattle

## Family

Fabaceae

## Where found

Dry **forest** and **woodland**, often along rocky streams or on rocky ridges. Western Slopes, Kosciuszko National Park, the mountains to the north, ACT, tablelands, and the ranges. Coastal south of Tathra.

#### Notes

Tree or shrub 1–5 m tall. Fleshy seed stalks/arils. Bark smooth, sometimes rough to finely fissured on older trunks. Branchlets cylindrical or slightly angled, often zig-zaggy, hairless, normally sticky to resinous, sometimes with discontinous resin ribs. 'Leaves' alternating up the stems, 2-12 cm long, 0.5-25 mm wide, hairless, the main nerves sometimes hairy; surfaces usually shiny, or sticky with resin dots, margins hairless or hairy, tips pointed, or blunt with a mucro. Flower heads yellow, globular, 30-60 flowered (easiest seen in late buds), 5-12 mm in diameter, in clusters of 1-6 flower heads. Flowers Winter to Spring. Pods resinous.

Family was Mimosaceae.

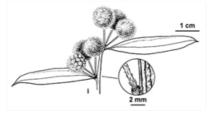
All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Acacia~verniciflua (accessed 28 December, 2020)

World Wide Wattle photos, line drawings and description: http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php? p=0&l=v&id=23860&o=1



Pods and 'leaves'. Photographer Russell Best, near Gisbourne, Vic



Line drawings. as *Acacia verniciflua* (common variant)). i. flow ering branch with stem and flow er stalk detail. MMbir, National Herbarium of Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

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6 ۲ This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



Android edition



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