# Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering branches. Photographer Don Wood, Mungerarie State Forest west of Moruya

## Common name

Sheoak mistletoe, Needle-leaf mistletoe

### Family

Loranthaceae

## Where found

Almost exclusively parasitic on species of Casuarina and Allocasuarina in dry forest, woodland, and along streams. Coast, ranges, and tablelands north of Bermagui. ACT. Western Slopes.

#### Notes

Mistletoe. Branches to about 0.8m long. Plants attached to the host by a bulbous union. External runners absent. Fruit fleshy, sticky. Young stems hairy. Leaves clustered, 6-20 cm long, 1-1.5 mm wide, narrow cylindrical, hairy, becoming sparsely hairy with age, tips pointed. Flowers 15-21 mm long, pink and hairy outside, red inside, tips green, initially tubular, but the 4-6 petals finally free from each other to the base when the flowers are fully open. Flowers in 3-s (triads), the central flower stalkless, the lateral flowers stalked. The triads usually in 3's. Flowers most of the year. Ripe fruit downy, pink or red, round, 5-6 mm in diameter.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Amyema~cambagei (accessed 3 January, 2021)

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Young fruit. Australian Rant Image Index, photographer Muray Fagg, near Araluen