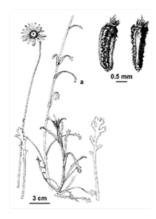
Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering plant. Photographer Don Wood, Gundaroo



Flow ering plants. Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT



Line drawings. a. plant; flowering branch; seed (front and side view). Gloria Thorninson, Daisy Study Group, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic

Common name

Large-headed daisy

Family

Asteraceae

Where found

Forest, woodland, heath, and rocky places. Western Slopes, ACT, tablelands. Occasionally elsewhere.

Notes

Annual or perennial herb to 0.5 m high. Scapessticky hairy, sticky, hairy, or hairless. Leaves basal and alternating up the stems, 2-14 cm long, about 5-20 mm wide, deeply dissected, tips blunt to pointed. Flower heads single, with about 21-46 white, occasionally mauve, 'petals' 10.8-13.3 mm long, and yellow centres 11-18 mm in diameter. Bracts appressed to the flower heads about 20-30. Flowers most of the year.

Definite identification of most species of Brachyscome depends on microscopic examination of the seeds.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Brachyscome~diversifolia (accessed 6 January, 2021)

Description partly based on: Short, P.S. (2014), A taxonomic review of *Brachyscome* Cass. s.lat. (Asteraceae: Astereae), including description of a new genus, *Roebuckia*, new species and new infraspecific taxa. *Journal of the Adelaide Botanic Gardens* 28: 48-51

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



Android edition



iOS edition

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