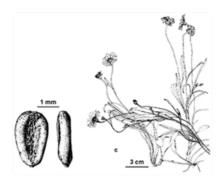
Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flowering plant. Photographer Don Wood, Blackfellows Point east of Bodalla



Rowering plants. Australian Rant Image Index, photographer C Green, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT



Line drawings. e. plant; flowering branch; seed (front and side view). Gloria Thorrlinson, Daisy Study Group, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic

Common name

Grass Daisy

Family

Asteraceae

Where found

Grassy areas, along streams and swampy ground, and cliff faces. Widespread. No records from the Western Slopes.

Notes

Perennial herb to 0.7 m high. Leaves sometimes somewhat fleshy. Scapes sticky-hairy to hairless. Leaves basal and alternating up the stems, 2–16 cm long, 1–10 mm wide, not or somewhat fleshy, hairless or with scattered glandular hairs, margins entire, tips pointed. Flower heads with 20-30 blue to violet, mauve, or white 'petals' 6-9 mm long, and yellow centres 3.5–17 mm in diameter. Bracts appressed to the flower heads 13-20. Flowering: most of year.

Definite identification of most species of Brachyscome depends on microscopic examination of the seeds.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Brachyscome~graminea (accessed 6 January, 2021)

Description partly based on: Short, P.S. (2014), A taxonomic review of *Brachyscome* Cass. s.lat. (Asteraceae: Astereae), including description of a new genus, *Roebuckia*, new species and new infraspecific taxa. *Journal of the Adelaide Botanic Gardens* 28: 152-154

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 $This identification \ key \ and \ fact \ sheets \ are \ available \ as \ a \ free \ mobile \ application:$





