Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



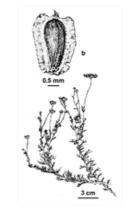
Flow er head. Photographer Jackie Miles, Yass



Leaves.Photographer Jackie Miles, Yass



Back of flower head. Photographer Jackie Mles, Yass



Line drawings. b. flow ering branches; seed (front and side view). Goria Thornfinson, Daisy Study Group, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic

Common name

Tiny daisy

Family

Asteraceae

Where found

Woodland, shrubland, roadsides, rocky areas, and moist conditions and seepage areas. Ranges, tablelands, and Kosciuszko National Park. Mostly north of the Hume Highway.

Notes

Annual or short lived perennial herb to 0.2 m high, hairless. Leaves mainly basal, a few alternating up the stems, 1-6 cm long, linear to deeply dissected, the lobes to 0.6 cm long, about 1 mm wide, tips blunt with a mucro. Flower heads with 25-40 pink to white 'petals' 2.5–6.5 mm long, and yellow centres 5–8 mm in diameter. Bracts appressed to the flower heads 12-15. Flowering: most of the year.

Rare Vic.

Definite identification of most species of Brachyscome depends on microscopic examination of the seeds.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Brachyscome~ptychocarpa (accessed 6 January, 2021)

Description partly based on: Short, P.S. (2014), A taxonomic review of *Brachyscome* Cass. s.lat. (Asteraceae: Asteraee), including description of a new genus, *Roebuckia*, new species and new infraspecific taxa. *Journal of the Adelaide Botanic Gardens* 28: 122-123

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6 ۲ This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



Android edition



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