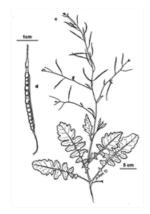
Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flowers. Photographer Stickpen, California, USA



Plant. Photographer Don Wood, Scotia Sanctuary, western NSW



Line drawings. c. plant; d. seed case. M. Moir, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Mediterranean turnip

Family

Brassicaceae

Where found

Woodland, shrubland, grassy areas, roadsides, disturbed areas, dunes, and wetlands. Sydney area, near Bathurst, and Western Slopes. Occasionally elsewhere.

Notes

Introduced annual herb to 0.60 m tall. Stems bristly at the base becoming hairless above. Leaves basal and alternating up the stems, 6-30 cm long, deeply lobed, bristly, particulary the lower surface. Stem leaves becoming smaller up the stems, eventually linear and bract-like. Flowers pale yellow fading to white, with 4 petals each 5–8 mm long. Flowers in clusters. Flowers Apr.—Oct. Seed cases erect, 3–7 cm long (including the beak), 2–3 mm wide; constricted between the seeds, midrib not prominent. Beak 8–20 mm long, with 1 or 2 seeds. Stalk 7–25 mm long. Seeds reddish-brown.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Brassica~tournefortii (accessed 6 January, 2021)

Author: Betty Wood.

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





