# **Plants of South Eastern New South Wales**



Flowering stem Australian Flant Image Index, Photographer CG Wilson, Berrimah, NT



Flow er and leaves. Australian Flant Image Index, Photographer CG Wilson, Berrimah, NT



Line drawing. USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database / Britton, N.L., and A. Brown. 1913. *An illustrated flora* of the northern United States, Canada and the British Possessions. Vol. 2: 76.

## Common name

Cabomba, Fanwort, Carolina Watershield, Fish Grass, Washington Grass, Watershield, Carolina Fanwort, Common Cabomba

### Family

Cabombaceae

### Where found

In still or slow-flowing freshwater to 3 m deep (or sometimes deeper, but it prefers permanent shallow water), in ponds, lakes, dams, channels and quiet streams. Occasionally free-floating. Coastal north of Dapto and Sydney area.

#### **Notes**

Introduced aquatic perennial herb with branched stems to 10 m long, with white or reddish hairs, rooting at the nodes of creeping runners and the lower stems into the substrate. Stems and leaves covered in a thin gelatinous coating. Submerged leaves opposite each other or whorled, 3-7 cm in diameter, fan-shaped, deeply dissected, feathery, peltate. Floating leaves few or absent, usually less than 2 cm long, narrowly oval to lance head shaped, margins entire. Flowers 6–20 mm in diameter, white or cream sometimes with a pink to purplish tinge, with yellow centres, with 6 'petals'. Flowers single. Flowers mainly summer to autumn.

A Weed of National Significance. General Biosecurity Duty with additional restrictions all NSW. Pest plant ACT.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Cabomba~caroliniana (accessed 6 January 2020)

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





