Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



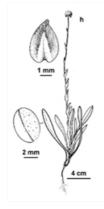
Rowering plant. Photographer Richard Hartland, unkown place



Leaves. Photographer Richard Hartland, unkown place



Rowering plants. Photographer Don Wood, Namadgi National Park, ACT



Line drawings. h. leaf; leaf margin detail. M/bir, National Herbariumof Victoria, ©2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Crimson Billy-buttons

Family

Asteraceae

Where found

Moist grassy areas. Kosciuszko National Park, the mountains to the north, and the ACT.

Notes

Herb to 0.52 m high. The single flower stalk hairy, straw-coloured to crimson, the base of the plant purple. Leaves mainly basal. Basal leaves 5–25 cm long, 2–12 mm wide. Stem leaves alternating up the stems, 0.5–15 cm long, 1–10 mm wide, stem-clasping. upper surface of the leaves green, slightly sticky hairy or hairless; lower surface slightly sticky hairy, or hairy; margins finely woolly or hairy, tips hairless or with appressed woolly hairs. Compound heads orange, globular to hemispherical, 10–20 mm in diameter, with about 30–60 partial heads; partial heads with 5–10 florets with 0 petals. Flowering: summer.

Occasionally hybridizes with Craspedia aurantia and Craspedia jamesii.

Protected NSW.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

Rare Vic.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Craspedia~crocata (accessed 7 January, 2021)

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6 ۲ This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



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