Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



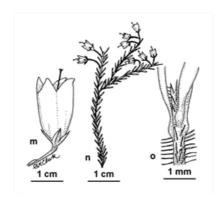
Flow ering branches. Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Tas



Flowering branches. Australian Flant Image Index, photographers RG & FJ Richardson, near Bunninyong, Vic



Shrubs. Photographers Forest & Kim Starr, Haw aii



Line drawings. m flower; n. flowering branch; o. stemdetail. SMClarke, National Herbarium of Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Spanish Heath

Family

Ericaceae

Where found

Woodland, shrubland, heath, grassy areas, roadsides, disturbed sites, cosatal environs, and along streams. Mainly in the Blue Mountains. Canberra. Occasionally elsewhere.

Notes

Introduced shrub to 3.3 m high. Young stems densely bristly. Leaves in clusters of 3–4, appearing whorled, 0.3–0.7 cm long, about 0.5 mm wide, margins rolled down, lower surface with a longitudinal groove. Flowers initially pink, turning white as they mature, and eventually turning brown as they age, Flowers 3–5 mm long, bell-shaped, with 4 slightly spreading, lobes each 0.5–1 mm long. Flowers in clusters of 2-4, usually profuse and more or less obscuring the upper branches. Flowers mainly winter-spring.

General Biosecurity Duty all NSW. General Biosecurity Duty with additional restrictions in the Central Tablelands and South East areas, NSW

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Erica~lusitanica (accessed 14 January, 2021)

Author: Betty Wood.

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





