Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering stems (subsp. neurophylla) Photographer Neville Walsh, © 2021 Royal Botanic Cardens Board, Melbourne Vic



Flow er cluster and leaves (subsp. fluviatilis) Photographer Jackie Miles



Shrub (subsp. *fluviatilis*). Photographer Jackie Mles, Wallagaraugh River west of Eden



Line drawing. g. leaf. G. Thorrlinson, National Herbarium of Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic

Common name

Granite Grevillea

Family

Proteaceae

Where found

Forest, woodland, shrubland, rocky areas, gullies, and near streams. Coast, ranges, and the eastern edge of the tablelands south of the Illawarra Highway. Kosciuszko National Park west of the ACT. Mostly in Vic.

subsp. fluviatilis: Coast and ranges south of Pambula. In Vic south and west from there.

subsp. neurophylla: Ranges south west of Eden. Kosciuszko National Park and Western Slopes west of the ACT. Occasionally elsewhere. mostly in Vic.

Notes

Shrub to 2.6 m high. Sometimes the roots sucker. Leaves alternating up the stems, 2.5–8 cm long, 0.8–2 mm wide, upper surface sparingly dotted, veins slightly granular, margins abruptly bent down, usually obscuring the lower surface on either side of the midvein. Flowers with 4 'petals' joined together in pairs, 'petals' white to pale pink with brownish hairs on the lobes, outer surface hairy with appressed hairs, inside bearded. Gynoecium 6–7.5 mm long; style white to pink, strongly hooked and hairy with minute hairs or warts just below the tips. Flowers in dense clusters about 1 cm long. Flowers Sep.—Feb.

In the absence of specific information, seeds of all species of *Grevillea* have been keyed as having one wing.

subsp. *fluviatilis*: Foliage dense. Leaves pointing up, crowded; longest leaves usually more than 4 cm long. Seed cases 6.5–8 mm long.

Rare Vic.

subsp. *neurophylla*: Foliage usually open. Leaves **spreading** to pointing up, not or only moderately crowded; longest leaves less than 4 cm long. Seed cases 8–10 mm long

Rare Vic.

VICFLORA description of species and key to subspecies: https://vicflora.rbg.vic.gov.au/flora/taxon/4f2731f1-ecb9-46d0-ae9d-

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





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