Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



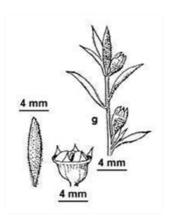
Flow ering branch. Photographer Donald Hobern, Canberra, ACT



Flow ering branch. Photographer Don Wood, Black Mountain, Canberra, ACT



Shrub. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT



Line drawings. g. branchlet, leaf, nut. SM Clarke, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Silver tea-tree

Family

Myrtaceae

Where found

Dry forest, woodland and grassy areas, often along seepage lines. Western Slopes, ACT and nearby, and tablelands. Occasionally in the ranges.

Notes

Shrub, prostrate to sprawling or to 2 m tall. Bark rough and tending to shed loose fibres. Bark on smaller stems smooth, shedding in stringy strips. Younger stems hairy, occasionally hairless. Leaves aromatic when rubbed, alternating up the stems, 0.2-1 cm long, 1-3 mm wide, flat or concave in cross section, surfaces usually silky in part; tips pointed, with a short point tending to curve down; bases tapering into a short very broad stalk. Flowers usually 6-10 mm in diameter, with 5 white, occasionally pink, petals, single, occasionally 2 together. Flowers Spring. Nuts shed early, about 2-3.5 mm in diameter, surface silky.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

Vulnerable Vic.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Leptospermum~multicaule (accessed 25 January, 2021)

Additional information in: Thompson, J. (8 December 1989), A revision of the genus *Leptospermum* (Myrtaceae). *Telopea* 3(3): 385-386, map 5-37

Author: Betty Wood.

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



Android edition



iOS edition

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