Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering stems. Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT



Flow ering stems. Photographer Russell Best, NW of Melbourne, Vic



Flow ering stems. Photographer Don Wood, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT



Line drawings. b. flowering branch; calyx. T Brosch, National Herbarium of Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Creeping Mint, Native Pennyroyal

Family

Lamiaceae

Where found

Woodland, grassland, and moist sites. Mainly Sydney area. Widespread elsewhere but not common.

Notes

Perennial herb, mat-forming, rhizomatous. Flowering branches sometimes becoming erect. Stems 4-angled, hairless or covered with short spreading hairs. Leaves aromatic when rubbed, opposite each other, 0.5–3.5 cm long, 2–7 mm wide, surfaces somewhat hairless, tips blunt or rounded; margins entire. Flowers white, pink, or mauve, 3–5 mm long, tubular, vaguely 2-lipped, with 4 lobes about 1–2 mm long, in 3-flowered clusters at the base of each of a pair of leaves. Flowers throughout the year.

Intergrades with Mentha diemenica.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Mentha~satureioides (accessed 24 January, 2021)

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