Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering plants. Photographer Don Wood, Wallaga Lake near Bermagui



Flowering plants. Photographer Jackie Mles



Line drawing. h. flowering plant. T Brosch, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Pale Wood-sorrel

Family

Oxalidaceae

Where found

Bushland, gardens, roadsides, and disturbed sites. Coastal.

Notes

Introduced perennial herb to 0.3 m high, or sprawling. Rhizome slender, 3–8 cm long. Bulbs oval, about 2 cm long, pointed, outer surface brown. Bulbils formed on the rhizome and at the bases of the leaves. Stems branching, hairless or very sparsely hairy. Leaves numerous, mostly crowded at the ends of the stems, in pseudowhorls of 4–10, with three bilobed leaflets 0.5–1.5 cm long, 8–20 mm wide, the lobe tips rounded, 7–10 mm apart, surfaces green, lower surface often greyish, hairless, near-marginal protuberances present. Stipules membranous, to about 3 mm long, tapering into the leaf stalks. Flowers with 5 petals each 13–22 mm long, more or less white, very pale mauve, or pale pinkish purple, greenish at the base. Flowers single. Seed cases not known in Australia.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Oxalis~incarnata (accessed 29 January, 2021)

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





