# **Plants of South Eastern New South Wales**



Flower buds and flower. Photographer Malcolm Storey, England



Flowering stem. Photographer Don Wood, Tallaganda State Forest south of Braidwood



Plants. Photographer JC Schou, Denmark



Line drawings. e. portion of stem showing sheath and leaf base; f. flowering stem BM/Ayfield, EM, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

## Common name

Water pepper

### Family

Polygonaceae

### Where found

Disturbed sites, damp open places, along streams, swampy ground, and in shallow running water. Widespread.

#### **Notes**

Annual herb to 1.2 m high. Stems more or less hairless, often gland-dotted. Leaves alternating up the stems, 3–15 cm long, 8–30 mm wide, somewhat sticky, hairy on the veins and margins; stipular sheath (ocrea) with the upper margin mostly with fringing hairs 3–5 mm long. Leaves taste pungent and bitter. Flowers pale green to white, tinged pink, or reddish, with 4 or 5 'petals' each 2–3.8 mm long, free from each other for about two-thirds their length. 'Petals' with conspicuous oil glands. Spikes slender, often interrupted and hanging down, 3–18 cm long, each flower cluster distinct, with only 1 mature flower per cluster at a time. Flowers summer-autumn.

Treated as introduced in the ACT.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Persicaria~hydropiper (accessed 30 January, 2021)

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





