Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flower and leaves. Photographer Andre Messina, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic



Line drawing. a. flowering branch. MMbir, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Pampas Lily-of-the-valley, Cock's-eggs

Family

Solanaceae

Where found

Urban bushland, gardens, roadsides, disturbed sites, and coastal environs. Mainly Sydney area. Occasional elsewhere.

Notes

Introduced perennial herb, initially upright, then scrambling to creeping, rhizomatous, with a woody rootstock. Stems to 3 metres long. Expanded tops of the flower stalks fleshy. Fruit fleshy. Young stems cylindrical, older stems 4-angled. Sparsely to densely hairy throughout. Leaves alternating up the stems, often 2 per node but not opposite each other, unequal in size, 0.5–5 cm long, 5–35 mm wide, hairy with fine hairs, margins entire, tips blunt or rounded. Flowers white or cream, 6–10 mm long, with an urn-shaped tube, with 5 curled back lobes each 1.5–2 mm long. Flowers single, occasionally in pairs, nodding. Fruit white or pale yellow, translucent, elongated to oval, 10-20 mm long. Flowers mostly spring—autumn.

Noxious weed Vic.

PlantNET description with line drawings: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Salpichroa~origanifolia (accessed 6 February, 2021)

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