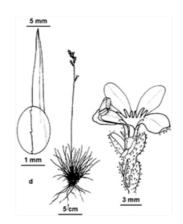
Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flow ering plants. Photographer Russell Best, Bogong High Hains, Vic



Line drawings. d. leaf tips (margin detail); plant; flower. M.Moir, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Alpine Trigger-plant, Montane Trigger-plant

Family

Stylidaceae

Where found

Subalpine and alpine **heath**, **herbfields**, **grassland**, stream banks, fens, and bogs. Kosciuszko National Park, the mountains to the north, and ACT. Tablelands and the western edge of the ranges south from the Tinderry Range. Occasionally elsewhere.

Notes

Perennial herb, sometimes rhizomatous. Flower stalks to 0.45 m high, often sticky hairy above the lowest flower, almost hairless below it, usually reddish. Leaves basal, 4-15 cm long, 3-7 mm wide, pale to mid-green, tips often sharply pointed, margins membranous and toothed at the tips only or entire. Flowers 7-12 mm in diameter, tubular, with 4 dark pink to magenta petals, and a hinged column 6-9 mm long sensitive to movement, arising from the centre of the flower. Flowers 7-20 up the flower stalk. Flowers Nov.—Mar. Seed cases covered in small warts.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

Rare Vic.

VICFLORA description: https://vicflora.rbg.vic.gov.au/flora/taxon/142460a7-a377-4096-b683-ff56b4b686b7 (accessed 3 May 2021)

Author: Betty Wood.

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:







Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Australia (CC BY)