

Marsilea costulifera

Family:

Marsileaceae

Botanical name

Marsilea costulifera D.L.Jones

Link to Australian Plant Name Index for publication details and synonyms:

<https://id.biodiversity.org.au/name/apni/119036>

Common name:

Nardoo

Description

Rhizome much-branched, glabrous except at the tips. Fronds 1–12 cm long, clustered. Stipes glabrous or scaly. Leaflets narrowly oblanceolate to cuneate, 1–12 mm long, 1–5 mm wide, arranged unequally with 2 leaflets spreading and 2 ±porrect, glabrous or scaly; outer margin entire, flat to rounded. Sporocarps in clusters; stalks 1–2 mm long, unbranched, glabrous; conceptacles 2.5–3 mm long, scaly, distinctly ribbed; upper surface concave; upper basal tooth prominent; lower basal tooth absent; apex of the stalk forming a less prominent, tooth-like protuberance.

Distribution

Endemic. Widespread but uncommon across coastal and inland tropical Australia.

Habit and habitat

Aquatic or terrestrial in seasonally wet areas.

Citation of Australian Tropical Ferns and Lycophytes

Field AR, Quinn CJ, Zich FA (2022) Australian Tropical Ferns and Lycophytes. apps.lucidcentral.org/fern/text/intro/index.htm (accessed online INSERT DATE).

Field AR, Quinn CJ, Zich FA (2022) '*Platyserium superbum*', in Australian Tropical Ferns and Lycophytes. apps.lucidcentral.org/fern/text/entities/platyserium_superbum.htm (accessed online INSERT DATE).



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