Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Flowering stem Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, near Rylstone



Flow ering stems. Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, near Condobolin



Pods and 'leaves'. Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, west of Molong



Shrub. Australian Rant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Killonbatta State Forest, Gumble to Mblong

Common name

A wattle

Family

Fabaceae

Where found

Woodland and grassland. North and west from Yerranderie (in the Blue Mountains) and Mudgee.

Notes

Shrub to 2m or more tall. Branchlets ridged, sometimes more or less cylindrical, hairy. 'Leaves' alternating up the stems, 0.7-1.8 cm long, 4-14 mm wide, light to dark green-grey or green, sparsely hairy or hairless except for hairs confined to the leaf stalk or extending onto the margins and the midvein, midvein fairly prominent, lateral veins faint, margins mostly wavy, bases with one side longer than the other, tips pointed or blunt, sometiimes more or less squared off, with a mucro less than 2 mm long. 1 marginal gland to 1 mm above the base. Flower heads yellow, globular, 4-8 mm in diameter, 18-26 flowered (easiest seen in late buds), single in the leaf axils. Flowering: throughout the year.

Family was Mimosaceae.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Acacia~cremiflora (accessed 29 April 2021)

World Wide Wattle line drawings and description: http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php?
p=0&l=c&id=23902&o=1

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