Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



Row ering stems. Australian Rant Image Index, Photographer Murray Fagg, near Manangatang, Vic

Common name

Myall, Yarran

Family

Fabaceae

Where found

Woodland, shrubland, and the Murray floodplain. Western Slopes.

Notes

Shrub or tree 1–15 m tall. Seeds with a small aril. Often suckers. Bark finely fissured. Branchlets angular towards the tips, hairless or appressed-hairy on new growth. 'Leaves' alternating up the stems, 5-10.5 cm long, 5-25 mm wide, straight to slightly curved, surfaces hairless to hairy with minute hairs, margins entire, tips rounded to pointed and sometimes with a straight to curved mucro, 1 marginal gland at the base. Flower heads bright yellow, 25–50-flowered (easiest seen in late buds), 4–7 mm in diameter, globular, in 1-5 headed clusters, often 2 clusters together. Flowering: August–October, sometimes earlier and into November.

Family was Mimosaceae.

Acacia melvillei Shrubland in the Riverina and Murray-Darling Depression bioregions are an Endangered community in NSW.

Threatened community profile: https://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/threatenedspeciesapp/profile.aspx?id=20094 (accessed 2 January 2021)

Vulnerable Vic. Listed in Flora and Fauna Act, Vic.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfI.pl? page=nswfl&lvI=sp&name=Acacia~melvillei (accessed 2 January 2021)

World Wide Wattle line drawings and photos: http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php? p=0&l=m&id=23737&o=1

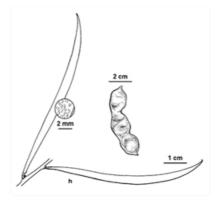
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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





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Line drawings. h. branch with 'leaf' detail; pod..M Mbir, M, National Herbariumof Victoria, ©2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board