Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



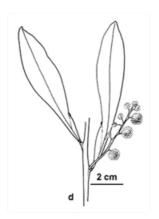
Flow ering stems and 'leaves'. Photographer Don Wood, Wadbilliga National Park



Leafy stems with pods. Photographer Jackie Miles



Shrub. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Mırray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT



Line drawing. d. flowering branch..MMbir, M, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Mountain hickory, Hickory wattle

Family

Fabaceae

Where found

Wet and dry forest and woodland. Western Slopes, ACT, tablelands, and ranges. Occasionally coastal north from Sydney.

Notes

Tree or **shrub** to 8 m tall. Fleshy seed stalks/**arils**. Bark finely or deeply fissured. Branchlets more or less cylindrical, hairless, sometimes **glaucous**. 'Leaves' **alternating** up the stems, 4-16 cm long, 5-40 mm wide, hairless, **midvein** and **marginal veins** prominent, midvein central, tips pointed to blunt. A prominent **gland** in a notch on 'leaf' margin 5-30 mm above the base of the 'leaves', connected to the midvein by a fine oblique **vein** pointing towards the 'leaf' stalk. Flower **heads** pale yellow to white, globular, 15-35 flowered (easiest seen in late buds), 6-10 mm in diameter, in elongated clusters of 3-30 flower heads, sometimes in branched clusters. Flower stalks with sparse fawn hairs or no hairs. Flowers all year, mainly Dec-Jan. in the ACT.

Family was Mimosaceae.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

Rare Victoria.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Acacia~penninervis (accessed 28 April 2021)

World Wide Wattle photos, line drawings and description: http://www.worldwidewattle.com/imagegallery/image.php?
p=0&l=p&id=23771&o=1

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