Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



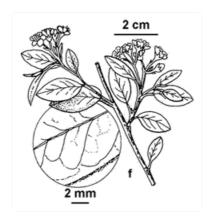
Flowers and leaves. Photographer Roger Spencer, @ 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic



Fruiting stem Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Canberra, ACT



Flowering shrub. Australian Flant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Tallaganda State Forest south of Braidwood



Line drawings. f. flowering branch. EMMayfield, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Silverleaf Cotoneaster, Cotoneaster, Silver Cotoneaster, Silver-leaved Cotoneaster, Velvet Cotoneaster

Family

Rosaceae

Where found

Urban bushland, woodland, roadsides, disturbed sites, and along streams. Mainly Sydney area south to Kiama and west to the Blue Mountains, ACT, and along the Hume Highwasy.

Notes

Introduced semideciduous shrub to 5 m high. Fruit fleshy. Young stems white hairy, becoming hairless. Leaves alternating up the stems, 1–4 cm long, 8–16 mm wide, upper surface dull,I hairless or slightly hairy, lower surface silvery- or white-hairy, tips pointed and mucronate. Flowers white, 7-10 mm in diameter, with 5 petals, in 6–20-flowered clusters. Flowers spring–summer. Fruit bright to dark red, 5-8 mm in diameter, with 2 'seeds'.

Family was Malaceae.

Pest plant ACT.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Cotoneaster~pannosus (accessed 2 April 2021)

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





