# **Plants of South Eastern New South Wales**



Young leaves on coppice growth. Photographer Peter Woodard, Budderoo National Park west of Kiama



Trunk. Photographer Peter Woodard, Budderoo National Park west of Kiama



Young woody stems. Photographer Peter Woodard, Foxground west of Kiama

#### Common name

Illawarra socketwood

## **Family**

Atherospermataceae

#### Where found

Rainforest, wet forest, disturbed forest, forest margins, rocky sites, and gullies. Coast and ranges mainly between Port Kembla and Gerroa.

### **Notes**

Tree to 20 m high. Rhizomatous. Bark smooth with raised blisters. Branchlets flattened at the **nodes**. Young stems hairy with **simple appressed** cream hairs, soon becoming hairless. Leaves opposite each other, 6–12 cm long, 15–60 mm wide, with a raised or flattened mid-vein on the upper surface, margins coarsely toothed except for the basal half or third. Flowers pale greenish white, rarely with a pink margin, with 15-20 'petals' each 3-4.5 mm long, in 3 or 4 whorls. Flowers in many-flowered branched clusters. Flowering: spring.

Was Family Monimiaceae.

Endangered Australia. Endangered NSW. Provisions of the NSW Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 No 63 relating to the protection of protected plants generally also apply to plants that are a threatened species.

NSW Threatened Species profile: http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au/threatenedSpeciesApp/profile.aspx?id=10201 (accessed 5 January 2021)

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Daphnandra~johnsonii (accessed 5 January 2021) Author: Betty Wood.

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



Android edition



iOS edition

Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Australia (CC BY)