

Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



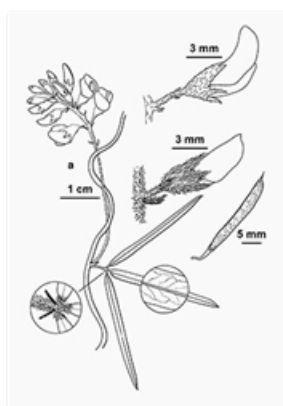
Flowers and leaves. Photographer Don Wood, Ben Boyd National Park south of Eden



Flowers and leaves. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, North Durras



Pods and leaves. Photographer John Tann, Sydney



Line drawings. a. flowering branch; pod; flowers. M Mbir, National Herbarium of Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

Common name

Twining glycine

Family

Fabaceae

Where found

Wide variety of **habitats**, including **forest**, **woodland**, grassy areas, and roadsides. Widespread.

Notes

Twining **perennial** herb to 1.5 m tall. Stems touching the ground do not form roots. Stems with white, grey, or rusty hairs, or hairless. Leaves **alternating** up the stems, **compound**, with 3 leaflets, each 0.5-8 cm long, 1-10 mm wide, leaflets of the upper leaves **linear** to more or less narrow, 1-8 cm long, 2-10 mm wide, tips blunt or pointed; leaflets of the lower leaves (and often in subalpine plants) wider, to more or less round, 0.5-3.0 cm long, 2-8 mm wide. upper surface of leaflets sparsely hairy to more or less hairless; lower surface with **appressed** or **spreading** hairs. Small leaf **veins** not very noticeable, small **stipules** absent at the base of the stalks of the middle leaflets. **Standard** petal 5-10 mm long. Flowers pea shaped, with 5 **petals**, 2 joined together to form the **keel**, pale mauve to purple or white, in clusters of 4-18 flowers. Flowers all year.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

PlantNET description: <http://plantnet.rbg Syd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lv=sp&name=Glycine-clandestina> (accessed 22 January, 2021)

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



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