Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



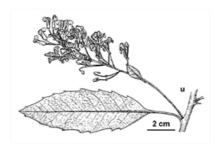
Flowers and leaves. Photographer Richard Hartland, Mt Stirling



Flowering stem. Photographer Don Wood, Monga State Forest east of Braidwood



Open seed cases with seeds. Australian Rant Image Index, photographer Murray Fagg, Australian National Botanic Gardens, Canberra, ACT.



Line drawing. u. flowering branch. G Thomtinson, National Herbariumof Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne



Shrub. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer Geoff Butler, New England N P

Common name

Silky Lomatia, Tree Lomatia, Forest Lomatia

Family

Proteaceae

Where found

Forest. Ranges, mainly south of the Kings Highway.

Notes

Shrub or tree to about 10 m high. Bark rough, with longitudinal fissures and horizontal lenticels, grey to dark brown. Buds and young stems rusty-hairy with appressed T-shaped hairs (needs a hand lens or a macro app on your phone/tablet to see), older stems eventually becoming hairless. Leaves alternating up the stems, 6–13 cm long, 10–35 mm wide, margins deeply or shallowly toothed, occasionally entire, or sometimes deeply dissected; upper surface dull green and hairless, lower surface pale yellow-green and dull or silky with appressed fine hairs, sometimes rusty hairy, tips blunt to pointed. Flowers white to cream, densely hairy, tubular, the tube slit by the style in bud, with 4 'petals' 7–9 mm long, splitting to the base when the flower is fully open. Flowers paired, in clusters 8–12 cm long. Flowers summer. Seeds with one wing.

Intergrades with Lomatia myricoides or with Lomatia ilicifolia when they grow together.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



Android edition



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