

Plants of South Eastern New South Wales



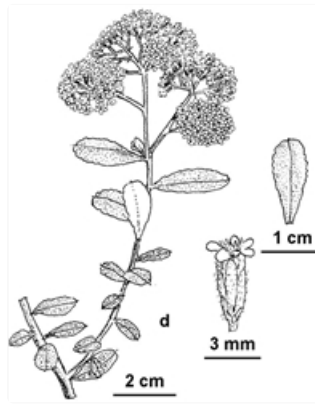
Flowering branches. Photographer Don Wood, East Boyd State Forest south of Eden



Flower cluster. Photographer Daniel Ohlsen, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic



Shrub. Photographer Steve Burrows, Nadgee State Forest south of Eden



Line drawings. d. flowering branch; flower head; leaf. E Beckett, University of Oxford, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board, Melbourne, Vic

Common name

Wedge everlasting, Wedge-leaf Everlasting

Family

Asteraceae

Where found

Forest and **woodland**. Coast, ranges, and tablelands, south of Batemans Bay.

Notes

Shrub to 3 m high. Stems pale, densely **cottony**. Leaves **alternating** up the stems, 0.7–4 cm long, 2.5–10 mm wide, upper surface green, hairless or sticky, lower surface greyish or yellow, hairy with fine hairs and resinous, tips rounded to squared off, margins flat to curved down, and wavy or with minute teeth. Flower **heads** cylindrical or narrow-bell-shaped, 3.5–4.5 mm long, 1.5–3 mm wide, with 4–6 **florets**. 15–17 **bracts appressed** to the flower heads, outer bracts brownish or greenish, inner bracts white. Flower heads in clusters of 50–300 at the tops of the stems. Flowering: spring–summer.

PlantNET description: <http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl?page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Ozothamnus-cuneifolius> (accessed 29 January, 2021)

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