# **Plants of South Eastern New South Wales**



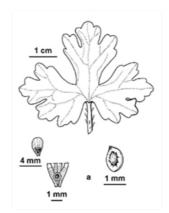
Flow er and leaves. Australian Flant Image Index, photographers RG & FJ Richardson, Ballarat, Vic



Flow ering and seeding stems. Australian Plant Image Index, photographer RCH Shepherd, Somers, Vic



Plants. Australian Plant Image Index, photographers RG & FJ Richardson, Ballarat, Vic



Line drawings. f. leaf; petal; petal base and nectary; seed. BMMayfield, National Herbarium of Victoria, © 2021 Royal Botanic Gardens Board

#### Common name

Celery Buttercup, Celery-leaved Buttercup

#### **Family**

Ranunculaceae

### Where found

Poorly drained pasture land, wet mud, along drainage lines, along streams, in swamps, marshes, and shallow lakes. Sydney area. Tablelands, ACT, the mountains to the west, Kosciuszko National Park and nearby, and Albury district. Mostly in Vic.

## Notes

Introduced annual or overwintering biennial herb to about 0.80 m tall, somewhat fleshy, hairless or sparsely hairy. Leaves basal and alternating up the stems, 1-8 cm long, 15-100 mm wide, hairy or hairless, sometimes glossy, deeply 3- or 5- lobed, the lobes usually again lobed, margins scalloped to toothed. Uppermost leaves sometimes entire. Flowers 5–10 mm in diameter, usually with 5 yellow petals, in open clusters often of more than 30 flowers, appearing single. Sepals bent sharply down. Flowering: most of the year. Seeds 40–300 in an elongated head. Seeds flattened oval, elliptical, or almost semicircular, to about 1 mm long; beak minute.

Subspecies not recognised in NSW.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Ranunculus~sceleratus (accessed 3 April 2021)

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:





