# **Plants of South Eastern New South Wales**



Flower spikes and leaves. Photographer Don Wood, Tidbinbilla Nature Reserve, ACT



Plant. Photographer Don Wood, Tantawangalo Creek near Candelo



Plants. Photogrtapher Jackie Miles

## Common name

Broad-leaved cumbungi, Bulrush, Flags

### **Family**

Typhaceae

#### Where found

In and near fresh water. Widespread. No records from Kosciuszko National Park.

#### **Notes**

Grass-like perennial herb to 4 m tall. Leaves in 2 rows up the stems, to 200 cm long, 5-30 mm wide, hairless, usually bluish or greygreen, an open **sheath** at the base closely encircling the stem, the sheath of the upper 2–4 leaves with a distinct **auricle**. Male and female flowers on the same plant. Flowers chestnut brown, in cylindrical spikes, the upper **spike** 100-300 mm long, 5–15 mm in diameter, of male flowers, and the lower spike 80-300 mm long, 10-40 mm in diameter, of female flowers. Male and female **spikes** not separated by up to 50 mm. Individual flowers small, with 0 **petals**. Flowers most of the year.

Difficult to distinguish from *Typha domingensis*. Accurate differentiation between the two species requires microscopic examination of the female spike.

General Biosecurity Duty all NSW. Always check native vegetation requirements before undertaking control of a weedy native plant.

All native plants on unleased land in the ACT are protected.

PlantNET description: http://plantnet.rbgsyd.nsw.gov.au/cgi-bin/NSWfl.pl? page=nswfl&lvl=sp&name=Typha~orientalis (accessed 7 February, 2021) Author: Betty Wood.

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a free mobile application:



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