

Pacific Pests, Pathogens & Weeds - Mini Fact Sheet Edition

https://apps.lucidcentral.org/ppp/

Coconut leaf stripe (139)



Photo 1. Seedling from a nursery in Samoa showing coconut leaf stripe disease. The disease sometimes develops after a few days of heavy rain.

Summary

- Narrow distribution. In Philippines and Samoa. On coconut. A rare, but serious, disease of seedlings in Samoa, of unknown cause. Possibly, caused by bacteria.
- Long, yellow streaks turning brown parallel to the veins, becoming a blight during several days of rain.
- In Samoa, up to 50% death of Malayan Dwarf seedlings.
- Cultural control: cover seedbeds with fronds to prevent rain splash; monitor, and remove infected seedlings as soon as seen; move the nursery to a different site; avoid the susceptible Malayan Dwarf and its hybrids.
- Chemical control: prune infected leaves and spray with copper.

Common Name

Coconut leaf stripe

Scientific Name

Unknown; possibly a bacterial disease.

AUTHOR Grahame Jackson

Information (and Photo 1) Gerlach WWP (1988) Plant diseases of Western Samoan German Crop Protection Project, Deutsche Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit (GTZ) Gruhh, Germany

Produced with support from the Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research under project PC/2010/090: Strengthening integrated crop management research in the Pacific Islands in support of sustainable intensification of high-value crop production, implemented by the University of Queensland and the Secretariat of the Pacific Community.

This mini fact sheet is a part of the app Pacific Pests, Pathogens & Weeds

The mobile application is available from the Google Play Store and Apple iTunes.









Australian Government
Australian Centre for
International Agricultural Research

Copyright © 2020. All rights reserved.