

Pacific Pests, Pathogens & Weeds - Mini Fact Sheet Edition

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Pineapple black rot (190)



Photo 1. Internal symptoms of pineapple black rot, caused by *Ceratocystis paradoxa*.



Photo 2. Black rot of pineapple, Ceratocystis paradoxa.

Summary

- Worldwide distribution. On pineapple, cocoa (pod rot), coconut (stem bleeding), banana and plantain
 (black end or fruit rot), maize, mango, potato, sugarcane (pineapple disease, see Fact Sheet no. 218), sweetpotato (see Fact
 Sheet no. 232) and taro. An important disease.
- A fungus causing, (i) long, white papery spots on leaves which rub together; (ii) black, soft watery rots under brittle skin on fruit damaged at harvest when wet; (iii) soft grey rots at base of planting materials when detached wet, and stored in heaps.
- Cultural control: (i) fruit handle carefully; reject sunburnt fruit; keep packing shed clean; (ii) planting material store in single layer, inverted with butts exposed to sun; (iii) planting improve drainage and avoid planting when wet.
- Chemical control: dip fruit in prochloraz, and planting material in propiconazole.

Common Name

Pineapple black rot, water blister of pineapple (soft rot), white leaf spot, butt rot

Scientific Name

Ceratocystis paradoxa; it is also known by its asexual name, Chalara paradoxa or Thielaviopsis paradoxa.

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Information from Diseases of fruit crops in Australia (2009). Editors, Tony Cooke, Denis Persley, Sasan House. CSIRO Publishing. Photo 1 Kohler F, Pellegrin F, Jackson G, McKenzie E (1997) Diseases of cultivated crops in Pacific Island countries. South Pacific Commission. Pirie Printers Pty Limited, Canberra, Australia. Photo 2 Anna L Snowdon. Pineapple: Disease and symptoms. Vikaspedia.

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This mini fact sheet is a part of the app Pacific Pests, Pathogens & Weeds

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