Pacific Pests, Pathogens & Weeds - Mini Fact Sheet Edition

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Salvinia (463)

Relates to: Weeds



Photo 1. Salvinia, *Salvinia molesta*, causing extensive blockage of a river in the USA.



Photo 3. Leaves (fronds) of salvinia, *Salvinia molesta*, become folded when growing at high density.



Photo 2. Leaves (fronds) and roots of salvinia, *Salvinia* molesta, growing at low density.



Photo 4. Hairs on the upper surface of a leaf of salvina, Salvinia molesta.



Photo 5. Weevil, *Cyrtobagous singularis*, walking on the hairs on the upper surface of a salvinia leaf, *Salvinia molesta*. This species is similar in its biology to *Cyrtobagous salviniae*, and is also a biocontrol of salvinia.

Summary

- Widespread. Asia, Africa, North, South and Central America, Europe, Oceania. In Australia, Fiji, French Polynesia, New Caledonia, New Zealand, PNG, Vanuatu.
- Invasive weed of lakes, rivers, streams, rice paddies, thriving in slow-moving, nutrient-rich, warm freshwater, doubling in under 10 days, forming dense, floating mats, reducing water-flow, lowering light and oxygen levels. Impacts biodiversity (plants and fish), transport, clogs irrigation and power-generating systems, harbours mosquitoes.
- Free-floating, aquatic fern, with horizontal stems just below water. Leaves, from buds along stem. Different forms: at first, leaves, small, flat, green or yellowish-green, 2-6 cm long, with hairs aiding buoyancy; later, larger slightly folded and closer together along stems; eventually, very folded and compact. Sterile, hairy, spore sacs hang from feathery roots (modified frond), beneath

water surface.

- Spread: by wind and water; floods; fur of animals; clothing; mud on vehicles, boats; garden waste; use as aquatic ornamental.
- Biosecurity: high risk of introduction via aquarium trade. In Australia, 'restricted invasive plant': *do not release into environment, give away or sell*. Among 100 of World's Worst Invasive Alien Species (IUCN, 2020). Available on internet.
- Biocontrol: success with weevil, Cyrtobagous salviniae, in Australia, PNG, parts of Africa.
- Cultural control: check nutrient levels (important); floating booms; manual removal or mechanical harvesting; vehicle hygiene.
- Chemical control: in Australia: glyphosate; carfentrazone-ethyl; orange oil. In Fiji, MCPA.

Common Name

Salvinia. CABI prefers the name kariba weed.

Scientific Name

Salvinia molesta. It was previously confused with Salvinia auriculata. It is one of four closely related species; the other species being Salvia herzogii and Salvina biloba. As identification is complicated, because of the similarity of the species, it should be done by specialists. It is a member of the Salviniaceae.

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Adapted from Salvinia (Salvina molesta) (2018) Weeds of SE Qld and Northern NSW. Lucidcentral. (https://www.cbi.org/sc/datasheet/43609); and Waterhouse DF, Norris KR (1987) Biological Control Pacific Prospects. Inkata additional information from CABI (2019) Salvinia molesta (kariba weed). Invasive Species Compendium. (https://www.cbi.org/sc/datasheet/43609); and Waterhouse DF, Norris KR (1987) Biological Control Pacific Prospects. Inkata Press, Mellboure; and Weeds of national significance (2006) Management and control options for salvinia (Salvina molesta) in Australia. NSW Department of Primary Industries. Published by The State of New South Wales. (https://www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/_data/assets/pdf_file/0006/81789/Salvinia.pdf). Photo 1 Scott Robinson, Georgia Department of Natural Resources, Bugwood.org. Photo 2 Leslie J. Mehrloff, University of Connecticut, Bugwood.org. Photo 4 Sarry Rice, sarracenia.com, Bugwood.org. Photo 5 Scott Buer, USDA Agricultural Research Service, Bugwood.org

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