

Pacific Pests, Pathogens & Weeds - Mini Fact Sheet Edition

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Taro minor leaf spots (094)



Photo 1. Early symptoms, brown or ghost leaf spot, Cladosporium colocasiae; some spots show a faint darker border.



Photo 2. Older leaf with brown leaf spot, Cladosporium colocasiae.

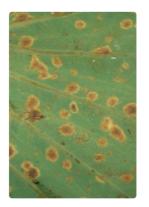


Photo 3. Underside of the leaf with orange leaf spot, Neojohnstonia colocasiae; spores develop in the spot on the underside of leaves.

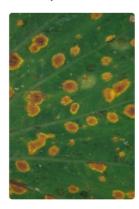


Photo 4. Upper surface of leaf with orange leaf spot, Neojohnstonia colocasiae (matching Photo 3); spores develop in the spot on the underside of leaves.



Photo 5. Older leaf with orange leaf spot, Neojohnstonia colocasiae.



Photo 6. White leaf spot, *Pseudocercospora* colocasiae, on upper surface of taro leaf.



Photo 7. White leaf spot, *Pseudocercospora* colocasiae, on upper surface of taro leaf.



Photo 8. White leaf spot, *Pseudocercospora* colocasiae, on lower surface of taro leaf.



Photo 9. Shot-hole, *Phoma* sp., showing large oval spots with yellow halos, some with holes where the centres of the spots have fallen out (Vanuatu).



Photo 10. Shot-hole, *Phoma* sp., showing large oval spots with yellow halos, some with holes where the centres of the spots have fallen out (Fiji).

Summary

- Widespread distribution. Asia, Southeast Asia, Oceania. Ghost spot has probably the widest distribution, and is likely to be present wherever the crop is grown. On taro. Minor diseases.
- Ghost leaf spot (Cladosporium), orange leaf spot (Neojohnstonia), white leaf spot(Pseudocercospora) and shot-hole (Phoma). On older leaves.
- Ghost reddish-brown with light brown centres, not all penetrating to the undersurface; orange yellow-brown, sometimes with yellow border; white whitish-green, dark centres below, leaving white margin; shot-hole brown up to 20 mm (larger than others), centres fall out leaving hole with yellow halo. All are spread in wind and rain.
- Cultural control: none recommended, as the spots are unlikely to affect yields.
- Chemical control: none recommended.

Common Name

Brown or ghost leaf spot, orange leaf spot, white leaf spot and shot-hole

Scientific Name

Cladosporium colocasiae (brown or ghost leaf spot), Neojohnstonia colocasiae (orange leaf spot), Pseudocercospora colocasiae (white leaf spot), Phoma sp. (shot-hole). Phoma sp. is often given as Phyllosticta colocasiicola.

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Photos 2,5&6 (Gerlach WWP (1988) Plant diseases of Western Samoa. Samoan German Crop Protection Project, Deutsche Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit (GTZ) Gmbh, Germany. Photos 3&4 (taken by Eric McKenzie), and used in this fact sheet, appeared previously in McKenzie E (2013) Neojohnstonia colocusiae. PaDIL - (http://www.padil.gov.au). Photo 6-8 (taken by Eric McKenzie), and used in this fact sheet, appeared previously in McKenzie E (2013) Pseudocercospora colocusiae. PaDIL - (http://www.padil.gov.au). Photo 10 Mani Mua, SPG, Sigatoka Research Syation, Fiji.

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