

Maize (sugarcane) downy mildew (227)

Summary

- Widespread distribution. Asia, Africa and Oceania. On maize, sugarcane (important disease) and sorghum. A minor disease on maize.
- Spots on leaves lead to internal infections causing yellow to white stripes, often along the length of leaves with downy growth and spores. Plants may be stunted, with deformed ears and tassels.
- Spread is by wind-blown spores.
- Cultural control: resistant varieties; avoid planting near sugarcane; remove diseased plants; collect and burn trash after harvest.
- Chemical control: unlikely to be economic; if needed use metalaxyl combined with mancozeb.

Common Name

Sugarcane downy mildew

Scientific Name

Peronosclerospora sacchari

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Information CABI (2008) *Peronosclerospora sacchari* (sugarcane downy mildew). Crop Protection Compendium. (<https://www.cabi.org/cpc/datasheet/44642>). Photos 1&2 Kohler F, et al. (1997) *Diseases of cultivated crops in Pacific Island countries*. South Pacific Commission. Pirie Printers Pty Limited, Canberra, Australia.

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Photo 1. White stripes of maize downy mildew, caused by *Peronosclerospora sacchari*.



Photo 2. Spore masses of maize downy mildew, *Peronosclerospora sacchari*, on the white stripes (centre).

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