

## Sensitive plant (464)

### Summary

- Widespread. Asia, Africa, North, South and Central America, Caribbean, Oceania. In many Pacific islands.
- Thrives in disturbed areas, tolerant, of shade and different soil types, producing abundant seed, invading plantations (bananas, citrus, coconuts, coffee, oil palm, papaya, rubber), pastures, crops, lawns, roadsides, and wasteland. Mimosine causes thyroid problems in cattle. A fire hazard when dead.
- Small prickly shrub, up to 50 cm, creeps. Stems brown to purple, woody, branched, with sharp thorns. Leaves, hairy, alternate along stems, bearing 1-2 pairs leaf-like branches, with paired dark green leaflets. Flower stalks, with thorns, bearing bright purplish-pink, oval, flower clusters, with long stamens giving a fluffy look. Seeds, in long seed pods, splitting into 2-4, 1-seeded segments bearing bristles. Root is long and strong
- Spread: seeds, by animals, clothing; use as ornamental; moved in soil, sand, gravel.
- Biosecurity: high risk of introduction via trade as an ornamental. Among 10 worst weeds in American Samoa, French Polynesia, Guam, Solomon Islands, Tonga. On Global Invasive Species Database of alien invasive species (IUCN, 2020).
- Biocontrol: Little known.
- Cultural control: hand weed (thorns!) or hoe; mulch; vehicle hygiene; prevent overgrazing (adjust stocking rate, forcing cattle to eat young plants).
- Chemical control: in Australia: MCPA + terbutryn; fluroxypyr; dicamba; picloram + triclopyr; hexazinone + diuron. In Fiji, 2,4-D; glyphosate.

### Common Name

Sensitive plant; it is also known as mimosa, common sensitive plant, or touch-me-not.

### Scientific Name

*Mimosa pudica*. There are a number of varieties. It is a member of the Fabaceae.



Photo 1. Prostrate (lying flat) habit, sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*.



Photo 2. Thorns on the stem of sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*.



Photo 3. Leaves and leaflets, sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*



Photo 4. Leaves and leaflets, sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*.



Photo 5. Sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*. On some of the leaflets, the bristles at the edges can just be seen.



Photo 6. Flowerheads, sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*.



Photo 7. Flowerhead, sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*.



Photo 8. Fruits divided into 1-seeded segments, sensitive plant, *Mimosa pudica*.

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Adapted from Common sensitive plant (*Mimosa pudica*) (2018) Weeds of SE Qld and Northern NSW. Lucidcentral. (<https://www.lucidcentral.org/editors-pick-animal-and-plant-identification-keys/key-to-weeds-of-se-qld-and-northern-nsw>); and additional information from CABI (2019) *Mimosa pudica* (sensitive plant). Invasive Species Compendium. (<https://www.cabi.org/isc/datasheet/34202>); and Waterhouse DF, Norris KR (1987) *Mimosa pudica* Linnaeus. *Biological Control Pacific Prospects*. Inkata Press, Melbourne; and from *Mimosa pudica* (2020) Wikipedia. ([https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mimosa\\_pudica](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mimosa_pudica)). Photos 1&5 Karan A. Rawlins, University of Georgia, Bugwood.org; Photo 4 Shaun Winterton, Aquarium and Pond Plants of the World, Edition 3, USDA APHIS PPQ, Bugwood.org; Photo 7 Forest and Kim Starr, Starr Environmental, Bugwood.org.

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