**Ehretia grahamii** Randell

**Family:**
Boraginaceae


**Common name:**
Rough-leaved Koda

**Stem**
Shrub 1-4 m tall. Young branchlets hairy with short to long spreading hairs, glabrous with age.

**Leaves**
Leaves simple, alternate, stipules absent. Petiole shallowly channelled on upper surface, 2-5 mm long. Lamina elliptic, oblanceolate or ovate, 1.5-6 cm long, 1-4 cm wide, base obtuse or cuneate, margin dentate, apex obtuse to acute, occasionally emarginate. Midrib and lateral veins depressed on the upper leaf surface. Upper leaf surface scabrous with cystolith-based hairs, lower surface densely hairy with long erect hairs.

**Flowers**
Inflorescence axillary or terminal on short laterals, flowers bisexual. Flowers 5-merous. Calyx 1.5-3 mm long, shortly fused at base, lobes lanceolate and acute. Corolla 3-4.5 mm long, bell-shaped (campanulate), lobes recurved at apex, white to cream. Stamens 5, exserted, alternating with petals and attached to corolla tube; ovary superior, style with two short branches to 0.2 mm long.

**Fruit**
Fruits fleshy, globular, about 5-6 mm long, 5-7 mm diam., orange to red when mature, reported in literature as separating into 4 1-seeded nutlets.

**Seedlings**
Features not available.

**Distribution and Ecology**
Occurs in CEQ, from southwest of Townsville to Gladstone. Altitudinal range from 0-560 m. Grows in dry rainforest communities.

**Natural History & Notes**
Differs from other Australian species in that the leaves are unusually small and their upper surfaces have scabrid cystolith based hairs.

**Synonyms**
*Ehretia* sp. (N. Gibson 793)

**RFK Code**
3610