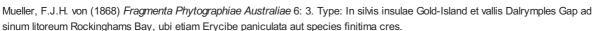
Australian Tropical Rainforest Plants - Online edition

Gomphandra australiana F.Muell.

Family:

Icacinaceae





Common name:

Buff Beech; Beech, Buff

Stem

Seldom growing beyond 30 cm dbh. Oak grain in the wood and a corresponding pattern in the inner blaze.

Leaves

Oak grain usually visible in the twigs. Leaf blades usually fairly large, about 14-21 x 5.5-8.5 cm with about 5-9 pairs of lateral veins. Midrib depressed on the upper surface of the leaf blade. Petiole channelled on the upper surface. Leafy twigs frequently green.

Flowers

Ovary glabrous without a fleshy lateral appendage. Corolla glabrous, tube about 2.5-3 mm long, lobes about 1 mm long.

Fruit

Fruits ellipsoid, about $20-25 \times 12-15$ mm, without a fleshy lateral appendage. Endocarp with about 12-15 longitudinal ridges.

Seedlings

Cotyledons cordate, about 4-6 x 3-4.5 cm, 3-5 veined at the base. At the tenth leaf stage: leaves +/- elliptic, apex shortly acuminate, base obtuse, glabrous on the upper surface, midrib and lateral veins hairy on the undersurface, midrib depressed on the upper surface. Seed germination time 39 to 124 days.



Occurs in CYP and NEQ. Altitudinal range from near sea level to 300 m. Grows as an understory tree in well developed lowland rain forest. Also occurs in New Guinea.

Natural History & Notes

Fruit eaten by Cassowaries and Fruit Pigeons. Cooper & Cooper (1994).

Synonyms

Stemonurus australianus (F.Muell.) Kuntze, *Revisio Generum Plantarum* 1: 112(1891). **Gomphandra polymorpha Wight**, *Icones Plantarum Indiae Orientalis* 3: t. 9(1845), Type: Condoor, the Avalanche and elsewhere.

RFK Code

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Flower. © Barry Jago



Fruit, two views, cross section and seed. © W. T. Cooper



Scale bar 10mm. © CSIRO



Cotyledon stage, epigeal germination. © CSIRO

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10th leaf stage. © CSIRO















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