Australian Tropical Rainforest Plants - Online edition

Triumfetta micracantha F.Muell.

Family:

Malvaceae

Mueller, F.J.H. von (1863) Fragmenta Phytographiae Australiae 3(22): 7. Type: In collibus petraeis ad fi Hookers et Sturts Creek.

Stem

Wiry shrublet 20-100 cm tall. Much branched. Leafy stems densely clothed in stellate hairs 1-1.5 mm

Leaves

Leaf blades 15-60 x 7-40 mm, petioles about 3-20 mm long. Indumentum on abaxial surface dense to very dense with stellate hairs. Both the upper and lower surfaces of the leaf blade clothed in stellate hairs. Petioles 5-10 mm long. Stipules ovate and 2-3 mm long.

Flowers

Inflorescence a cymule, 2-3 per node. Flowers3-5 per cymule. Peduncles 4-7 mm long; pedicels 1-3 mm long; bracts narrowly triangular, 1-3 mm long. Sepals linear, 5-10 x 1-2 mm, stellate hairy on the outside. Petals obovate, 2-8 x 1-3 mm; claw 1-1.5 mm long and tomentose. Annulus densely ciliate. Androgynophore 0.4-0.5 mm long. Stamens pilose near base. Ovary globose, ca. 1 mm long, setose. Style 3-8 mm long.

Fruit

Fruit ovoid, 7-9 x 5-8 mm densely covered with stellate hairs. Prickles 1-1.5 mm long, fairly robust with hooked apices. Disc persistent. Androgynophore visible in fruit.

Seedlings

Features not available.

Distribution and Ecology

Occurs in WA, NT, NEQ and CEQ in inland areas. Altitudinal range from 100-380 m. Grows in sandy to gravelly soils in Lophostemon-Eucalyptus riverine forest, various types of woodland and in wooded grassland.

RFK Code

4100

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Herbarium specimen. © CSIRO