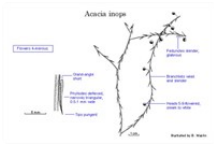


WATTLE

Acacias of Australia

Acacia inops Maiden & Blakely



Source: WorldWideWattle ver. 2.
Published at: www.worldwidewattle.com
See illustration.



Acacia inops occurrence map.
Occurrence map generated via Atlas of Living
Australia (<https://www.ala.org.au>).

Family

Fabaceae

Distribution

Restricted to near Margaret River, south-western W.A.

Description

Scrambling **shrub** with weak **filiform** branches. **Branchlets** green, **glabrous**, infrequently subglabrous. **Stipules** 1–2 mm long. Phyllodes rather **distant**, **±sessile**, narrowly **triangular**, **deflexed**, 5–7 mm long, 0.5–1 mm wide, with unequal base, **pungent**, **glabrous**; **midrib** **±central**; **lateral nerves** absent; **gland** on a short blunt spur near base of **phyllode**. Inflorescences **simple**, 1 per **axil**; peduncles 3–6 mm long, slender, **glabrous**; heads **globular**, 5–9-flowered, cream to white. Flowers **4-merous**; sepals 1/4–1/2-united, with lobes **±triangular**. Pods and seeds not seen.

Habitat

Grows along watercourses and in swamps.

Specimens

W.A.: Osmington, Margaret River district, *R.D.Royce 3913* (CANB, MEL, PERTH).

Notes

Distinguished from other members of the '*A. horridula* group' by its very weak, filiform branches and narrow, deflexed phyllodes and, except *A. hastulata*, glabrous peduncles (*vide* B.R.Maslin, *Nuytsia* 2: 277 (1978)). The unusual habit of this species is sometimes also found in *A. uliginosa*.

FOA Reference

Data derived from *Flora of Australia* Volumes 11A (2001), 11B (2001) and 12 (1998), products of ABRS, ©Commonwealth of Australia

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Minor edits by J.Rogers

This identification key and fact sheets are available as a mobile application:



Australian Government
Department of the Environment and Energy



Department of
Biodiversity, Conservation
and Attractions
Western Australian Herbarium



Australian
Biological
Resources
Study



URL: <https://keys.lucidcentral.org/keys/v3/wattle>
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